IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

ANTWAINE COPELAND :

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CIVIL ACTION COMPLAINT NO.

Plaintiff,

JURY TRIAL OF TWELEVE (12)

DEMANDED

:

TRANS UNION LLC

and :

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AMERICAN HERITAGE CREDIT

UNION

v.

Defendants.

COMPLAINT

NOW comes the Plaintiff, Antwaine Copeland (hereinafter the "Plaintiff"), through their Counsel of record to make their allegations known against the Defendants by and through their complaint that alleges the following:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. This is an action for actual, statutory and punitive damages, costs, and attorney's fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681 et seq. (Federal Fair Credit Reporting Act)

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. Jurisdiction of this Court is conferred by 15 U.S.C. §1681(p) and 28 U.S.C. §1331.
- 3. Venue in this District is appropriate under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b)(1) because Defendant in this matter resides in the state of Pennsylvania as defined under 28 U.S.C. §1391 (c)(2) based upon information and belief.

PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff is a natural person and is a citizen of the United States of America. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(c).
- 5. Defendant, Trans Union, LLC, (hereinafter Trans Union) is a For-Profit Limited Liability Company registered to do business in Pennsylvania and with a registered agent in Pennsylvania. Defendant is a "consumer reporting agency," as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(f) and engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating, and disbursing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1681a(d) to third parties. Based on information and belief, Trans Union's main corporate office is held in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- 6. Defendant, American Heritage Credit Union, (hereinafter, American Heritage) is a for profit company registered to do business in Pennsylvania and with a registered agent in Pennsylvania. Defendant is a "furnisher" of information, as defined by 15 U.S.C §1681s(a)&(b), who regularly and in the ordinary course of business furnishes credit information to one or more consumer reporting agencies about consumer transactions. American Heritage is a financial institution actively conducting business in Pennsylvania.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 7. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all the foregoing paragraphs as though the same were set forth at length herein.
- 8. Plaintiff's American Heritage accounts # 5XXXX and # 4596XXXX were fully satisfied on or about 11/14/2016 and 09/18/2017 which brought the accounts current with a \$0 balance.

- 9. TransUnion's report dated 04/20/2020 reported Plaintiff's American Heritage account #5XXXX with a "Pay Status: Account 30 Days Past Due Date".
- 10. TransUnion's report dated 04/20/2020 reported Plaintiff's American Heritage account # XXXX4596 with a "Pay Status: Account 120 Days Past Due Date".
- 11. Although Plaintiff's accounts were fully satisfied, Plaintiff's Trans Union report dated 04/20/2020 reported the "Pay Status: Account 30 Days Past Due Date" and "Pay Status: Account 120 Days Past Due Date." It is impossible and incorrect for any accounts that were fully satisfied which brought them current with a "0" balance as of to still be reporting as late as of 04/20/2020. Not only are the American Heritage accounts false on the face of the credit report but this reporting is extremely misleading because it makes it look like the Plaintiff is still late on these accounts that were previously fully satisfied.
- 12. As required by the Fair Credit Reporting Act, Plaintiff mailed a detailed and thorough dispute letter to Trans Union, dated 10/16/2018 (Please see Exhibit A). As a result of Plaintiff's dispute, American Heritage verified the accounts as accurate and instructed Trans Union to continue to report the inaccurate credit information (Please see Exhibit B). Trans Union continued to report the inaccurate credit information at the instructions of American Heritage. Plaintiff's latest Trans Union credit report dated 04/20/2020 is currently reporting the same inaccurate information that was disputed on 10/16/2018.
- 13. Trans Union did not follow reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy and has been reporting false and inaccurate information even after it knew or should have known the information was incorrect.
- 14. American Heritage did not provide a good faith investigation into the disputed accounts of Plaintiff.

- 15. Trans Union did not provide a good faith investigation into the disputed American Heritage accounts.
- 16. The American Heritage accounts are not only inaccurate, but also misleading, which the Fifth Circuit has addressed. The Fifth Circuit has ruled that a credit report is inaccurate on its face if it is so misleading that it leads to adverse credit decisions, *please see Sepulvado vs. CSC Credit Services*, 158 F.3d 890, 895 (5th Cir. 1988)(a consumer report is inaccurate if it is "misleading in such a way and to such an extent that it may be expected to adversely effect credit decisions").
- 17. Trans Union has a statutory duty to have reasonable procedures to assure maximum accuracy. Their procedures regarding this reporting are not assuring accuracy, much less maximum accuracy.
- 18. The reporting of this credit information on Plaintiff's credit report negatively reflects upon the Plaintiff, their credit repayment history, their financial responsibility as a debtor and their credit worthiness. This information was furnished by American Heritage and reported by Trans Union, misrepresenting the payment rating and/or status of Plaintiff's accounts, and is currently being reported and reflected upon Plaintiff's credit report, resulting in lowering Plaintiff's credit score and furthering and increasing Plaintiff's damages.
- 19. Plaintiff's credit reports, credit information and file formulated by Trans Union have been viewed by current and potential credit grantors and extenders of credit, as indicated by inquiries on each of their credit reports. The inaccurate information furnished by American Heritage and reported by Trans Union is continuing to damage the Plaintiff's credit rating as well as their credit reputation.

- 20. As a result of Defendants, Trans Union and American Heritage's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered great physical, emotional and mental pain and anguish, all to Plaintiff's great detriment and loss.
- 21. As a result of Defendants conduct, Plaintiff has suffered actual damages all to Plaintiff's great detriment and loss.
- 22. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendants were acting by and through their agents, servants, and/or employees who were acting within the course and scope of their agency or employment, and under the direct supervision and control of the Defendants herein.
- 23. At all times pertinent hereto, the conduct of the Defendants, as well as that of their agents, servants and/or employees, was malicious, intentional, willful, reckless, and in grossly negligent disregard for federal laws and the rights of the Plaintiff herein.

CAUSES OF ACTION

- 24. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs and footnotes as though the same were set forth at length herein.
- 25. This suit is based upon the Defendants violations of the Fair Credit Reporting Act. All causes of action were the producing causes of damages which Plaintiff has suffered.

COUNT I—VIOLATION OF THE FAIR REPORTING ACT

- 26. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the foregoing paragraphs and as though the same were set forth at length herein.
- 27. This suit is brought against all Defendants as the damages made the basis of this suit were caused by their violations of the FCRA. In all instances of violating the FCRA, Defendants did so willfully and/or negligently. Under, 15 U.S.C. §1681n and §1681o, the Plaintiff is entitled to recover actual damages, punitive damages, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

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15 U.S.C. §1681n, "Civil Liability for willful noncompliance" reads:

- (a) Any person who willfully fails to comply with any requirement imposed under this title with respect to any consumer is liable to that consumer in an amount equal to the sum of
- (1) any actual damages sustained by the consumer as a result of the failure or damages of not less than \$100 and not more than \$1000
- (2) such amount of punitive damages as the court may allow; and
- (3) in the case of any successful action to enforce any liability under this section, the costs of the action together with reasonable attorneys fees as determined by the court.

And, 15 U.S.C. §16810, "Civil Liability for negligent noncompliance" reads:

- (a) Any person who is negligent in failing to comply with any requirement imposed under this title with respect to any consumer is liable to that consumer in an amount equal to the sum of:
- (1) any actual damages sustained by the consumer as a result of the failure; and
- (2) in the case of any successful action to enforce any liability under this section, the costs of the action with reasonable attorney's fees as determined by the court.

TransUnion's FCRA Violations

- 28. Trans Union violated their duty under 15 U.S.C. §1681i(a)(1)(A) to conduct a good faith investigation into Plaintiff's notice of dispute. Plaintiff requested Trans Union to reinvestigate the inaccurate reporting of their account via detailed and thorough dispute letter
- 29. The dispute was detailed, thorough and informed Trans Union of all the relevant information regarding the inaccuracies of the account and provided enough information to show the account was being reported inaccurately.
- 30. Trans Union did not conduct a good faith and reasonable investigation into Plaintiff's dispute.
- 31. These accounts were fully satisfied, and Trans Union is currently reporting Plaintiff's accounts with a "\$0" balance but currently past due. It is impossible for Plaintiff to make "\$0"

payments to bring the accounts current. With this type of reporting, Plaintiff will never be able to bring the accounts current.

- 31. Trans Union was notified and made aware of the specific issues from the dispute letter. It should have been easy for Trans Union to determine that the accounts were extremely inaccurate with the information that was provided.
- 32. The fact that Trans Union is currently reporting inaccurate information on Plaintiff's credit profiles/credit reports to the best of Plaintiff's information and belief, which are viewable and have been viewed by third parties, is proof that Trans Union did not conduct a reasonable investigation. If Trans Union would have properly investigated the issues, they would have determined that the accounts were paid off, with a "\$0" balance and still reporting as if Plaintiff is currently late and past due. If Trans Union had conducted this proper investigation they would have corrected or deleted the Plaintiff's accounts that are inaccurate and misleading.

The section entitled "Procedure in case of disputed accuracy" under 15 U.S.C. §1681i(a)(1)(a) reads:

- (a) Reinvestigations in case disputed information
- (1) Reinvestigation required
 - (A) In general-- Subject to subjection (f), if the completeness or accuracy of any item of information contained in a consumer's file at a consumer reporting agency is disputed by the consumer and the consumer notifies the agency directly, or indirectly through a reseller, of such dispute, the agency shall, free of charge, conduct a reasonable reinvestigation to determine whether the disputed information is inaccurate and record the current status of the disputed information, or delete the item from the file in accordance with paragraph (5), before the end of the 30 day period beginning on the date on which the agency receives the notice of the dispute from the consumer or reseller.

And:

- 15 U.S.C. §1681i(a)(5) reads:
 - (5) Treatment of Inaccurate or Unverifiable Information

(A) In general. If, after any reinvestigation under paragraph (1) of any information disputed by a consumer, an item of the information is found to be inaccurate or incomplete or cannot be verified, the consumer reporting agency shall-

- (i) promptly delete that item of information from the file of the consumer, or modify that item of information, as appropriate, based on the results of the reinvestigation; and
- (ii) promptly notify the furnisher of that information that the information has been modified or deleted from the file of the consumer
- 33. Trans Union is currently violating 15 U.S.C. §1681e(b), by not following reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy.
- 34. Plaintiff's accounts were fully satisfied, but Trans Union continued to report the accounts with a late/past due status. If Trans Union had reasonable procedures, they would not allow an account to report as though the account is currently past due, with a "\$0" balance, after the account was paid off and brought current. Trans Union should be reporting the account as "current" and not "past due." These accounts are reporting as though the Plaintiff is currently past due each month. With this type of reporting, Plaintiff will never be able to make their accounts current. Trans Union lacks the procedures to avoid such faulty reporting. Trans Union knows that these accounts were paid, however, they continue to report a current status as past due.

15 U.S.C. §1681e(b) reads as follows:

(a) Accuracy of the Report

Whenever a consumer reporting agency prepares a consumer report it shall follow reasonable procedures as assure maximum possible Accuracy of the information concerning the individual about whom the report relates.

35. Trans Union has been on notice that reporting an account with a \$0 balance and a late

status is not accurate. Trans Union was a co-defendant in *Macik v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N. A., et al.*: U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas, Galveston Division (Case 3:14-cv-44). Plaintiff's Counsel filed suit against Transunion, Equifax and JPMorgan Chase bank in Galveston, Texas, alleging that they were reporting her pay status as 90 days past due, with a zero (\$) balance, even though the account was paid off five years earlier. Macik lost a home loan because the program that is used in determining eligibility specifically stated that her Chase account was late two or more times in the last twelve months, even though the loan it was referring to was paid in full five (5) years earlier.

36. The Macik jury determined that reporting an account with a \$0 balance, and a current late pay status, is not only inaccurate, but a willful violation of the FCRA. Trans Union knows this because they were a co-defendant and had counsel present when the jury verdict was rendered as well as receiving an ECF copy of the ruling.

American Heritage's FCRA Violations

37. Defendant, American Heritage, violated its duty under 15 U.S.C. §1681s-2(b) to conduct a reasonable and good faith investigation into Plaintiff's notice through a dispute letter and failing to delete or correct the inaccurate information. After receiving a dispute notice from Trans Union, Defendant, American Heritage, did not conduct a complete, accurate or reasonable investigation into the disputed issue. American Heritage verified the inaccurate information that was disputed from a detailed and thorough dispute letter. American Heritage should have discovered that the information they are providing the Credit Reporting Agencies was not accurate. American Heritage knew of their current faulty reporting because Plaintiff's accounts were fully satisfied with a \$0 balance. Had Defendant, American Heritage properly investigated Plaintiff's dispute, they would have corrected the reporting to a current status. It is impossible for

Plaintiff to make "\$0" payments to bring their accounts current. American Heritage was made fully aware of the inaccurate reporting and failed to correct or delete the account.

The section entitled "Duty of Furnishers of Information Upon Notice of Dispute" under 15 U.S.C. §1681s-2(b) reads:

- a. After receiving notice pursuant to section 1681i(a)(2) of this title of a dispute with regard to the completeness or accuracy of any information provided by a person to a consumer reporting agency, the person shall
 - i. conduct an investigation with respect to the disputed information:
 - ii. review all relevant information provided by the consumer reporting agency pursuant to section 1681i(a)(2) of this title;
 - iii. report the results of the investigation to the consumer reporting agency;
 - iv. if the investigation finds that the information is incomplete or inaccurate, report those results to all other consumer reporting agencies to which the person furnished the information and that compile and maintain files on consumers on a nationwide basis.
 - v. if an item of information disputed by a consumer is found to be inaccurate or incomplete or cannot be verified after any reinvestigation under paragraph (1), for purposes of reporting to a consumer reporting agency only, as appropriate based on the results of the reinvestigation promptly

i modify that item of information

- ii delete that item of information
- iii permanently block the reporting of that item of information

Third Parties have viewed Plaintiff's Trans Union's Credit Report

38. The negative tradeline(s) reported by American Heritage on Plaintiff's Trans Union Credit report have been viewed by third parties all to the detriment and loss of the Plaintiff.

39. Plaintiff has suffered actual harm due to Trans Union still reporting the negative tradeline provided by American Heritage on Plaintiff's Trans Union report even though Trans Union was put on notice of the inaccurate negative reporting through Plaintiff's dispute letter.

40. The conduct of Defendants was the direct and proximate cause, as well as, a substantial factor in bringing about the serious injuries, damages and harm to Plaintiff that are outlined above and, as a result, Defendants are liable to compensate Plaintiff for the full amount of actual, statutory, compensatory and punitive damages, as well as, such other relief, permitted by law.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

41. Plaintiff demands trial by jury.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiff seeks judgment in Plaintiff's favor and damages against the Defendants based on the following requested relief:

- a. Actual damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681;
- b. Statutory damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681;
- c. Punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681;
- d. Costs and reasonable attorney's fees pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1681n, §1681o; and
- e. Such other and further relief as may be necessary, just and proper.

Respectfully submitted,

BY: <u>/s/ Matthew Weisberg</u> MATTHEW B. WEISBERG, ESQ

WEISBERG LAW Attorney ID No. 85570 7 South Morton Ave. 19070

Morton, PA 610-690-0801

Fax: 610-690-0880 DATED: 10-28-2020 BY: /s/ Gary Schafkopf GARY SCHAFKOPF, ESQ SCHAFKOPF LAW, LLC Attorney ID No. 83362 11 Bala Ave Bala Cynwyd, PA 19004 610-664-5200 Ext 104 Fax: 888-238-1334

DATED: 10-28-2020